distance to many deserving institutions and causes. The opening up of the enormous gold goldfields is a landmark in Australian history. Sir George Brockman and those associated with him thoroughly deserved their success, for it was only by persistence and determination that the work of development was carried through because the gold was in a different formation from that in which it had been found before, and experts were unfavorable. This made it exceedingly difficult to finance the original venture, and matters got to such a extreme pitch that Sir George Brockman had to give a personal guarantee to the bank to enable operations to be continued.

Sir George was a man-sided and public spirited man who took a deep interest in the welfare of the State and Commonwealth. In addition he was blessed with a broad outlook, and it was natural that his views on national and Imperial questions should come to weight. His benefactions were not only on a liberal scale, but they were judiciously bestowed. He placed a high value on education, and supported it in a most generous way. Throughout life he showed a fine and commendable desire to advance the cause of learning in the South Australia. He believed, as many advanced educationists do, that knowledge and industry should be closely associated. It is not not surprising, therefore, that he should find the Schools of Mines and Industries an institution which very sympathies and one which it was a pleasure for him to assist. For the advancement of the school he was responsible for a gift, in the first place, of £10,000. Subsequently the amount was augmented by a cheque for £5,000, bringing the gift up to a total of £15,000. Sir George had, prior to this, shown great interest in the work of the school, and had given £221 for prizes. Although he paid particular attention to technical training his educational ideas were broad and comprehensive, and a patron of art he rendered distinguished service to the community. He had a most valuable collection of pictures, which had won the admiration of connoisseurs, but, in this, as in everything else, he desired to serve the community. He loaned pictures from his collections from time to time for public exhibition, and they set a standard of refined taste which could not fail to have a good effect. His advice in matters of art was sought, and his attention to Parliament, and as a member of the Legislative Council he took a leading part in the deferred valuable service. Always courteous and considerate to others, he won the esteem of his parliamentary colleagues, differing from him on matters of public policy admired his courage and love of fair play. He was accorded the highest respect among the members of all parties.

Although in his sixty-sixth year when he died, there were few men in South Australia who worked more strenuously as he did in directing and assisting the developments. He was one of the originators of a movement which led to the establishment of the Soldiers' Memorial Fund, and was chairman of that body, and as salmon of the Hospitals Board in South Australia, great demands were made upon his time, but he gave it unhesitatingly. The work of the chief of the people associated with him was fruitful is demonstrated by the fact that the Soldiers' Fund realised £50,000. He entered into these patriotic movements with whole-hearted vigor and enthusiasm, and also had the honour of being the executive of the Red Cross Society. However, he relinquished that position in order that he might be able to devote more time to repatriation work. He was also a member of the State War Council, chairman of the War Savings Committee, and took a prominent part in the inauguration of the Anzac Hospitality Committee and the holding of the four great Australia days.

Sir George Brockman was perhaps best known as a business man. He was chairman of the board of directors of the Adelaide Electric Supply Company since its establishment. The fine building in Grenfell-street, which bears his name, added much to the dignity and stately beauty of the city. Throughout his career he showed a great faith in South Australia, and spent the money he made in the Order of the British Empire, and wherever it was felt that the honor had been won in a manner worthy of the distinguished service. For many years he was a member of the Adelaide University Council, of which body he was a generous and valuable service. He was first elected in that body in 1910, and was appointed chairman of the council in 1920, but ill health and other reasons he resigned his position on the council. He also presided over the Adelaide Hospital, and was a member of the board. It was only recently he retired from the board of directors of the Bank of Adelaide, in which he was a valuable service. He was held in the highest esteem by his fellow directors. He was a member of the Adelaide Club, and was a member of the Legislative Council, and was a member of the Adelaide Club, and was a member of the Legislative Council, and was a member of the Adelaide Club, and was a member of the Legislative Council, and