reference by those who made the suggestions. The value of the Library to University students has been shown by the consistently growing attendance of this class of readers. The Arts professors now set subjects are looked up by the Library staff, the ordinary textbooks and lecture notes. These subjects are looked up by the Library staff, and bulletins are prepared for the catalogue and exhibited in the main hall, giving lists of books and articles in the library relating to the subjects, with the pages at which the references may be found.

The Catalogue.
The shelves are free to all, but the inquirer in the study of any subject who desires to find the goods he has best why to his work has no need to search among them for hundreds of publications. If he states his quest and its particular range to one of the attendants, who will attend him in a few minutes with all that he requires, both in works bearing directly on the subject and in books that deal with it only incidentally. The first catalogue, published in 1861, was an alphabetical method, soon proved inadequate, and about 1866 the present method was adopted, which in fact, can never be really complete so long as books are being added to the Library. Many thousands of cards have been written and filed for handy reference. There are several catalogues available to the public which could not otherwise be reached. The subject classification of the books was undertaken with the assistance of new catalogues except for the physical alteration of the position of the books in the previous catalogue. This has been done on the Dewey Decimal system, a close method which provides facilities for the use of the books to a large extent without the aid of the subject catalogue. The Library will be actually re-arranged on this system when the new building now being erected shall make the except of the Library available for suburban purposes.