some of the schools they found teachers abandoning in favor of teaching elsewhere. This trend was confirmed by the fact that the number of vacancies in the various schools was increasing. The Commission therefore recommended that the inspectors be given more authority in the selection of teachers and that the salaries of inspectors be increased. In addition, it was suggested that the inspectors be given more training in the latest educational methods.

Regarding the provision of textbooks, the Commission found that many schools did not have the necessary resources to provide textbooks for their students. The Commission therefore recommended that the government provide a central textbooks library from which schools could borrow textbooks.

The Commission also recommended that the government provide more training for teachers. It was suggested that the government establish a teacher training college to provide teachers with the necessary skills and knowledge to teach effectively.

Regarding the issue of attendance, the Commission found that many students were not attending school regularly. The Commission therefore recommended that the government enforce attendance laws more strictly.

The Commission also recommended that the government provide more resources for the maintenance of school buildings. It was suggested that the government allocate more funds for the maintenance of school buildings to ensure that the students have a safe and comfortable environment to learn in.

Finally, the Commission recommended that the government provide more resources for the improvement of school facilities. It was suggested that the government allocate more funds for the improvement of school facilities, such as providing more classrooms and libraries.

The Commission's recommendations were well received by the government, which immediately began to implement them. The government also appointed a new inspector for each school to ensure that the recommendations were being implemented properly.