WORKERS' EDUCATION.

CLASSES IN FORMATION.

(By Victor E. Cromer.)

The arrival of Mr. Herbert Heaton, M.A., the newly appointed director of tutorial classes at the Adelaide University, has led to a great revival of interest in the University Extension work both in the general and the University tutorial classes in particular. The University tutorial classes joint committee has already decided to make proper arrangements for the session of 1917. Accordingly, the list of subjects for the first of these classes is rapidly filling. These desirous of being included in the first tutorial class to be started in South Australia should lose no time in sending their names to the general secretary, box 30, Trades Hall. The particulars required are—Name, address, occupation, age, sex, and subject of study. Besides the economic classes, a large number of students have been enrolled for English literature, and, should the numbers increase to any extent, the necessary steps will be taken to establish University tutorial classes to be conducted in this most engaging subject.

The Need for Students.

While it is a great truism that "the people perish for lack of knowledge," it must be borne in mind that, so far as in South Australia is concerned, there is no lack of teachers. It is the students who come forward in sufficient numbers, and the teachers of ability will be available to teach them. Therefore, those who desire instruction should come forward without delay and sit at the feet of those able and willing to teach them, so that the classes may be held under the most auspicious circumstances. The classes are about to be started by the Workers' Educational Association, in conjunction with the university, and are open to both sexes over the age of 18, and will be started from time to time as the demand arises from a sufficient number of pupils.

Many Interesting Activities.

The educational work of the W.E.A. is not confined to University tutorial classes. It has already been decided to hold public lectures at least monthly, while short courses will be arranged for from time to time. There has been a demand from intending students to form a class lasting a year in the subject of "Politics and Science." Should that demand take definite shape, a class will be established. It is also intended in the near future to commence rambles through the Botanical Gardens and other places of general interest, and combine healthful exercise with intellectual stimulation. Finally, it is probable that the workers' club will be held at the Workers' Educational Association, which will provide opportunities for intellectual and educational development.
UNIVERSITY OF ADELAIDE.

PUBLIC EXAMINATION BOARD.

SPECIAL EXAMINATION FOR 1917, PARIS Univ.

[Text not fully legible, but appears to be examination results or announcements.]

UNIVERSITY DEGREES.

An interesting point in connection with the subject in Professor Ernest Scott's School of Agriculture, which was reviewed in The Register, this claim for a University degree in agriculture has been under the impression that it holds the included honour. The reverse reviewed, and naturally felt safe in relying on statement which appears each year in the University of Adelaide. It was the first University in the world to be authorized by Act of Parliament in 1890, and it has not been challenged. On receipt of The Register review, however, Professor Scott sent a communication to the author, alleging that the statements made by Professor H. Pearson professed himself on the author, that he was more correct in saying that if I had done research in Adelaide in this respect, I would have shown more research to the Registrar on this subject. The Registrar assures me that Pearson's Act was not passed in 1870, but if it is, it is a case, and gives Melbourne priority over one by just a year. There was still the chance, however, that Adelaide had and had students ready to extend to take advantage of the Act, and that Adelaide should have been made in the beginning of the present century. The Register was much in the public view a few months ago. This an apology is due to Professor Scott, the University of Adelaide will have to explain its own case, not by official, but by orderly, in The Register.

THE UNIVERSITY OF ADELAIDE.

SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION.

DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY.

Year... [Text not fully legible, but appears to be examination results or announcements for medical students.]

Permit No. 213. 17.

Permit No. 213. 17.

Permit No. 213. 17.
ON ACTIVE SERVICE.
A FINE RECORD.

Private Donald Kerr, LL.B., M.M., who in August, 1915, enlisted for active service at the front, returned to Adelaide on Monday, on friendly terms with many friends who are proud of his splendid record. He has been in France, Armentieres, and Pozieres. It was at the lastnamed place that he won the Military Medal he was wearing. Having been detailed with three others for A.M.G. duties, he found that a number of Australian wounded men were in trenches along with Germans, he explained to a representative of "The Advertiser" on Tuesday: "We had to get to them," he said, "if they were to be rescued. He then related how he persuaded a French captain to help bring them through. The party was successful in rescuing several of them. He was struck with sprains, however, and severely wounded in the left arm. Subsequently, while in hospital in England, he met one of the

wounded men, who told him he had laid in the trench from Saturday till the following Friday before he was found and removed. Private Kerr was in a hospital in England for nearly six months. General Birdwood visited the institution and congratulated him on his courageous work. He received a letter from Major L. W. Joffre, which stated: "Your conduct was most highly recommended for honours by practically every officer of the battalion who was at any time in the trenches between August 12 and 15. They have all spoken in the most glowing terms of your conduct, and it was the opinion of all of you who were present that you deserved the highest honor that was possible to give. No man could have done more in every way than you did, and the men who owe their lives to you are very numerous."

UNIVERSITY STUDENTS AND LOYALTY.

At a meeting of the University Senate on Wednesday the following resolution was added to the statutes: "During the continuance of the present war every student of the University of South Australia is urged to remain loyal, unless exempted by the council, excepting in the presence of the Registration or other authorities to the community and sincerely declare and affirm his loyalty to the British Throne and Constitution."

LIFE OF THE RUSSIAN.

ADDRESS BY MR. HEATON.

An interesting lecture on "The Koomo" was given by Mr. Herbert Heaton, M.A. (Director of the Library of the University of South Australia), at the Trades Hall on Friday night. The lecture was the greatest success the War had provided. "The Koomo" is a melody from South Africa, which was sung by the Rev. W. P. Long, and the melody was one of the finest he had heard. The War has provided a great deal of music, and the Koomo is one of the finest. The War has provided a great deal of music, and the Koomo is one of the finest.
AUSTRALIA AND ORIENTAL LANGUAGES

Mr. J. Corrie-Ellis, of Sydney, who on the publication of the series of Joseph Fisher lectures in connexion with the University of Sydney in 1892 made a brief visit to this State. The lecture of Professor Fisher on "The Spread of the Missionary Berne," and the course of his addresses on "History and Civilization," in the course of his visit, he advocated the establishment of a department of Oriental studies. In conversation with a native of the University of Sydney, the view was expressed that the other State universities were not far behind in this matter, and the University of Adelaide and the University of Melbourne were also far behind. It is interesting, in the opinion of the lecturer, to note that the Chinese government has sent to this State several missionaries for the purpose of converting the Chinese population. The Chinese government is also very anxious to establish a university in China, and the government of Japan is also very anxious to establish a university in Japan. It is interesting to note that the Chinese government has sent to this State several missionaries for the purpose of converting the Chinese population.

(Author: Sir John Seeley, President of the British Academy)

thanks