

A Spatial Scalable Video Coding with Selective Data Transmission using Wavelet Decomposition

by

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Appendix

A. Haar wavelet

The haar function (Holschneider 1995) is expressed as

$$g(t) \leftarrow \begin{cases} -1 & \text{for } 0 \leq t < 1/2 \\ +1 & \text{for } 1/2 \leq t < 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

This function was the first wavelet to be used in mathematics and was introduced by Alfred Haar in 1906.

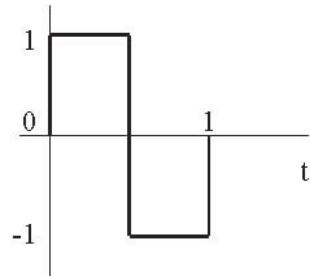


Figure A.1. Haar wavelet in time representation

B. Code

1. SpatialScalableVC.m

```
% Spatial Scalable video coding with selective data transmission
%BlockDiagram
%-----
% WT->Spatial Scalability->MRME->EC(with Threshold + Selective Data Transmission)
% ->1.Block Replacement 2. Motion Vector Replacement
%Simulation Configuration
%-----
% 1. Wavelet Transform
%     - haar wavelet
%     - Two decomposition levels
% 2. Motion Estimation
%     - Block estimation – Full search – SAD search criteria
% 3. Multiresolution motion estimation
%     - Top-down approach
%     - Variable block-size and search area

clear all
close all
format long g %To make the answer of the 'percentage' store without exponential
iptsetpref('ImshowAxesVisible', 'on'); %to make the axes values visible in the image
                                %outputs

% 1. Automated image(s) extraction
% -----
%(with gray and double conversion)
max_frames =31;
[FrameSet] = FrameExtractionFull_carpan(max_frames); %Carpan sample set
% [FrameSet] = FrameExtractionFull_Bird(max_frames); %Bird sample set
% [FrameSet] = FrameExtractionFull_Swan(max_frames); %Swan sample set
% [FrameSet] = FrameExtractionFull_Wcar(max_frames); %WhiteCar sample set

% Temporal Scalability
% -----
FrameSkipTL1 = 1; %for Temporal level 1 (by skipping one frame)
[Finished_ScalableFramework] = ScalableFramework(FrameSet, FrameSkipTL1);
                                % Temporal Level 1, Variable Resolution Levels
disp('Finished_ScalableFramework');
```

2. FrameExtractionFull_carpan.m

```
%Carpan sample sequence
%Input
%-----
%maxFrames - max no.of frames to be extracted.
```

```

%Output
%-----
%FrameSet - Collection of required frames

function[FrameSet] = FrameExtractionFull_carpan(maxFrames);

for countmax = 1:maxFrames %Importing Frames from the database
%% for countmax = 1:FrameSkip:maxFrames
if countmax < 10
    mystr = strcat('C:\Matlab7\work\carpann\Car00', int2str(countmax), '.bmp')
else
    mystr = strcat('C:\Matlab7\work\carpann\Car0', int2str(countmax), '.bmp')
end

FrameSet(:,:,countmax) = double(rgb2gray(imread(mystr,'bmp')));
    % Resolution of the frame is 720x576 (704x576)
end

```

3. FrameExtractionFull_Bird.m

```

% SwanAndBird sample sequence
%Input
%-----
% maxFrames - max no. of frames to be extracted.
%Output
%-----
%FrameSet - Collection of required frames

function[FrameSet] = FrameExtractionFull_Bird (maxFrames);

for countmax = 1:maxFrames %Importing Frames from the database
%% for countmax = 1:FrameSkip:maxFrames
if countmax < 10
    mystr = strcat('C:\Matlab7\work\Bird\bird0', int2str(countmax), '.bmp')
else
    mystr = strcat('C:\Matlab7\work\Bird\bird', int2str(countmax), '.bmp')
end
FrameSet(:,:,countmax) = double(rgb2gray(imread(mystr,'bmp')));
    % Resolution of the frame is 720x576 (704x576)
end

```

4. FrameExtractionFull_Wcar.m

```

% WhiteCar sample sequence
%Input
%-----
% maxFrames - max no. of frames to be extracted.

```

```

%Output
%-----
%FrameSet - Collection of required frames

function[FrameSet] = FrameExtractionFull_Wcar (maxFrames);

for countmax = 1:maxFrames %Importing Frames from the database
    %% for countmax = 1:FrameSkip:maxFrames
if countmax < 10
    mystr = strcat('C:\Matlab7\work\WCar\Wcar0', int2str(countmax), '.bmp')
else
    mystr = strcat('C:\Matlab7\work\WCar\Wcar', int2str(countmax), '.bmp')
end
FrameSet(:,:,countmax) = double(rgb2gray(imread(mystr,'bmp')));
    % Resolution of the frame is 720x576 (704x576)
end

```

5. ScalableFramework.m

```

%Scalable Framework
%Input
%-----
%FrameSet – Sample image set
%FrameSkip - using temporal level 1 with one frame skip
%Output
%-----
%Finish_SF – Indicator of successful completion scalable operation

function [Finish_SF] = ScalableFramework(FrameSet, FrameSkip);

[m n max_frames] = size(FrameSet);

for frame_no = 1: FrameSkip: max_frames-FrameSkip %Temporal Skip of 1 frame

    %Reference Frame
    %
    if frame_no < max_frames
        O1 = FrameSet(:,:frame_no);
    end

    %Prediction Frame
    %
    if frame_no < max_frames
        O2 = FrameSet(:,:frame_no+FrameSkip);
    end

```

```

% Re-sizing the frames to appropriate resolution (in powers of two)
% -----
m2 = 576;
n2 = 704;
O1 = O1(1:m2, 1:n2,:);
O2 = O2(1:m2, 1:n2,:);

% 2. Wavelet subband extraction and Multiresolution representation
% -----
N = 2; %decomposition level
[A1_ref A2_ref A3_ref A1_pred A2_pred A3_pred] = SpatialScaling(N, O1, O2);

%Multiresolution Motion Estimation
% -----
%Simulation Configuration
% -----
% 1. Top-down approach
% 2. Variable block size approach

%Resolution R1 (144x176)
% -----
FrameI1 = A1_ref; %Reference Frame
FrameP1 = A1_pred; %Prediction / Current Frame
blockSize1 = 16;
p=16; %Search parameter

%Motion estimation using threshold and selective data transmission
[MotionVector1, MismatchBlocks1] = ME_ErrIdentification(FrameI1, FrameP1,
blockSize1, p, frame_no);

%MotionCompensation
%(1). Block replacement - the erroneous blocks are replaced by their original blocks
PredictedFrame_R1_Blk = motionComp_BlkReplace(FrameI1, MotionVector1,
blockSize1, ReplaceBlocks1, FrameP1);

%(2) Motion vector replacement – for mismatch blocks
[mv_reducedArea1] = ME_SearchReduced(FrameI1, FrameP1, blockSize1, p,
MismatchBlocks1, frame_no);
PredictedFrame_R1_MV = motionComp_MVReplace(FrameI1, MotionVector1,
blockSize1, MismatchBlocks1, mv_reducedArea1);

%Estimated-Image Storage
% -----
E_1R1 = PredictedFrame_R1_Blk/max(max(PredictedFrame_R1_Blk));
imwrite(E_1R1,strcat('C:\Matlab7\work\Result\R1\',int2str(frame_no),'_R1Blk.bmp'),'bmp');
E_2R1 = PredictedFrame_R1_MV/max(max(PredictedFrame_R1_MV));

```

```

imwrite(E_2R1,strcat('C:\Matlab7\work\Result\R1\',int2str(frame_no),'_R1MV.bmp'),'bmp');

%Resolution R2 (288x352)
%-----
FrameI2 = A2_ref;
FrameP2 = A2_pred;
blockSize2 = 32;
p2 = 34;

%MotionCompensation
%(1). Block replacement - the erroneous blocks are replaced by their original blocks
PredictedFrame_R2_Blk = motionComp_BlkReplace(FrameI2, MotionVector1,
                                               blockSize2, MismatchBlocks1, FrameP2);
%(2) Motion vector replacement – for mismatch blocks
PredictedFrame_R2_MV = motionComp_MVReplace(FrameI2, MotionVector1,
                                              blockSize2,MismatchBlocks1, mv_reducedArea1);

%Estimated-Image Storage
%-----
E_1R2 = PredictedFrame_R2_Blk/max(max(PredictedFrame_R2_Blk));
imwrite(E_1R2,strcat('C:\Matlab7\work\Result\R2\',int2str(frame_no),'_R2Blk.bmp'),
       'bmp');
E_2R2 = PredictedFrame_R2_MV/max(max(PredictedFrame_R2_MV));
imwrite(E_2R2,strcat('C:\Matlab7\work\Result\R2\',int2str(frame_no),'_R2MV.bmp')
       , 'bmp');

%Resolution R3 (576x704)
%-----
FrameI3 = A3_ref;
FrameP3 = A3_pred;
blockSize3 = 64;
p3 = 66;

%MotionCompensation
%(1). Block replacement - the erroneous blocks are replaced by their original blocks
PredictedFrame_R3_Blk = motionComp_BlkReplace(FrameI3, MotionVector1,
                                               blockSize3, MismatchBlocks1, FrameP3);
%(2) Motion vector replacement – for mismatch blocks
PredictedFrame_R3_MV = motionComp_MVReplace(FrameI3, MotionVector1,
                                              blockSize3,MismatchBlocks1, mv_reducedArea1);

%Estimated-Image Storage
%-----
E_1R3 = PredictedFrame_R3_Blk/max(max(PredictedFrame_R3_Blk));
imwrite(E_1R3,strcat('C:\Matlab7\work\Result\R3\',int2str(frame_no),'_R3Blk.b
mp'), 'bmp');
E_2R3 = PredictedFrame_R3_MV/max(max(PredictedFrame_R3_MV));

```

```

imwrite(E_2R3,strcat('C:\Matlab7\work\Result\R3\',int2str(frame_no),'_R3MV.b
mp'),'bmp');

%PSNR Computation
%-----
%R1
%---
psnrR1Blk(frame_no) = PSNR(FrameP1, PredictedFrame_R1_Blk);
psnrR1MV(frame_no) = PSNR(FrameP1, PredictedFrame_R1_MV);
%R2
%---
psnrR2Blk(frame_no) = PSNR(FrameP2, PredictedFrame_R2_Blk);
psnrR2MV(frame_no) = PSNR(FrameP2, PredictedFrame_R2_MV);
%R3
%---
psnrR3Blk(frame_no) = PSNR (FrameP3, PredictedFrame_R3_Blk);
psnrR3MV(frame_no) = PSNR (FrameP3, PredictedFrame_R3_MV);

disp('Frame No =')
disp(frame_no)

end

n1 = {'PSNR R1MV'};
n2 = {'PSNR R1Blk'};
n3 = {'PSNR R2MV'};
n4 = {'PSNR R2Blk'};
n5 = {'PSNR R3MV'};
n6 = {'PSNR R3Blk'};

Name1 = xlswrite('C:\MATLAB7\work\Result\Result',n1,'PSNR', 'C1');
Name2 = xlswrite('C:\MATLAB7\work\Result\Result',n2,'PSNR', 'D1');
Name3 = xlswrite('C:\MATLAB7\work\Result\Result',n3,'PSNR', 'E1');
Name4 = xlswrite('C:\MATLAB7\work\Result\Result',n4,'PSNR', 'F1');
Name5 = xlswrite('C:\MATLAB7\work\Result\Result',n5,'PSNR', 'G1');
Name6 = xlswrite('C:\MATLAB7\work\Result\Result',n6,'PSNR', 'H1');
Name10 = xlswrite('C:\MATLAB7\work\Result\Result',psnrR1MV,'PSNR', 'C2:C48');
Name20 = xlswrite('C:\MATLAB7\work\Result\Result',psnrR1Blk,'PSNR', 'D2:D48');
Name30 = xlswrite('C:\MATLAB7\work\Result\Result',psnrR2MV,'PSNR', 'E2:E48');
Name40 = xlswrite('C:\MATLAB7\work\Result\Result',psnrR2Blk,'PSNR', 'F2:F48');
Name50 = xlswrite('C:\MATLAB7\work\Result\Result',psnrR3MV,'PSNR', 'G2:G48');
Name60 = xlswrite('C:\MATLAB7\work\Result\Result',psnrR3Blk,'PSNR', 'H2:H48');

Finish_SF = 'Finished SF';

```

6. SpatialScaling.m

```
% Wavelet decomposition and Multidimensional representation
% Simulation Configuration
%-----
% 1. Haar wavelet
% 2. Total decomposition – Two
% Input
%-----
% 1. N - decomposition level
% 2. Reference – Reference Frame
% 3. Prediction – Prediction Frame
% Output
%-----
% 1. A1_ref, A2_ref, A3_ref – Reference Frame of decomposed resolution - R1, R2, and
% R3 respectively
% 2. A1_pred, A2_pred, A3_pred – Prediction Frame of decomposed resolution - R1, R2,
% and R3 respectively

function[A1_ref, A2_ref, A3_ref, A1_pred, A2_pred, A3_pred] = SpatialScaling(N,
Reference, Prediction);

wname = 'haar'; % wavelet used
NL = N; %Decomposition level for lower resolution
NM = N-1; %Decomposition level for middle resolution

%Reference Frame - Lower resolution (R1)
[C_R,S] = wavedec2(Reference,NL,wname); %2D wavelet transform

A1_ref = appcoef2(C_R, S, wname, NL); %Approximation extraction of Level2
[H1_ref V1_ref D1_ref] = detcoef2('all', C_R, S, NL);
%Horizontal, vertical and Diagonal coefficients – Level2
%Reference Frame - Middle resolution (R2)
A2_ref = appcoef2(C_R, S, wname, NM); %Approximation extraction of Level1
[H2_ref V2_ref D2_ref] = detcoef2('all', C_R, S, NM);
%Horizontal, vertical and Diagonal coefficients – Level1

%Reference Frame - Higher resolution (R3)
A3_ref = appcoef2(C_R, S, wname, 0); %Approximation extraction of Level0

%Prediction Frame - Lower resolution (R1)
[C_P,S] = wavedec2(Prediction,NL,wname); %2D wavelet transform
A1_pred = appcoef2(C_P, S, wname, NL); %Approximation extraction of Level2
[H1_pred V1_pred D1_pred] = detcoef2('all', C_P, S, NL);
%Horizontal, vertical and Diagonal coefficients – Level2

%Prediction Frame - Middle resolution (R2)
```

```

A2_pred = appcoef2(C_P, S, wname, NM); %Approximation extraction of Level1
[H2_pred V2_pred D2_pred] = detcoef2('all', C_P, S, NM);
%Horizontal, vertical and Diagonal coefficients – Level1

%Prediction Frame - Higher resolution (R3)
A3_pred = appcoef2(C_P, S, wname, 0); %Approximation extraction of Level0

```

7. ME_ErrIdentification.m

```

%Motion Estimation
%-----
%Computes motion vectors using exhaustive search method
%
% Input
%-----
% 1. FrameP - The image for which we want to find motion vectors
% 2. FrameI - The reference image
% 3. blockSize - Size of the macroblock
% 4. p - Search parameter
% 5. frameNo – pointer for frame number
%Output
%-----
% 1. MotionVector - the displacement motion associated with each macroblock
% 2. MismatchBlks – the identified error blocks or mismatches using selective data
% transmission thresholds

function [MotionVector MismatchBlks] = ME_ErrIdentification(FrameI, FrameP,
blockSize, p, frameNo)

[row col] = size(FrameI);
%For Error Identification function
sizeImg = [row col];

%Initialisations
minCost = [];
displacements = zeros(2,row*col/blockSize^2);
maxSAD = (256*blockSize*blockSize)+1; % maximum error magnitude of a block
count = 1;

for i = 1 : blockSize : row-blockSize+1
    for j = 1 : blockSize : col-blockSize+1

        BlkP = FrameP(i:i+blockSize-1,j:j+blockSize-1);
        %Current block in PredictionFrame

        %Search window

```

```

for m = -p : p    %vertical coordinates
    for n = -p : p %horizontal coordinates
        SearchAreaI = i + m;
        SearchAreaJ = j + n;

        if (SearchAreaI < 1 || SearchAreaI +blockSize-1 > row ...
            || SearchAreaJ < 1 || SearchAreaJ +blocksSize-1 > col)
            continue;
        end

        SearchBlk = FrameI(SearchAreaI: SearchAreaI +blockSize-1, SearchAreaJ:
                            SearchAreaJ +blockSize-1);
        %Reference block within in the search area

        sad(i,j) = sum(sum(abs(BlkP - SearchBlk)));
        if sad(i,j) < maxSAD
            maxSAD = sad(i,j);
            newI = m;
            newJ = n;
        end

        end
    end

    minCost(count) = maxSAD;

    %For error identification
    Blk(1,count) = i;
    Blk(2,count) = j;
    displacements(1,count) = newI; % vector representing row coordinate
    displacements(2,count) = newJ; % vector representing column coordinate
    count = count + 1;
    maxSAD = (256*blockSize*blockSize)+1;
end
end

Block = Blk; %For error identfcation
MotionVector = displacements;

%Error Identification using selective data transmission Thresholds
[MismatchBlks]= ErrorIdentification(minCost, Block, sizeImg, frameNo);

```

8. ErrorIdentification.m

%Error Identification using two parameters

```

% 1. Threshold 2. WorstBlock factor
% Selective Data Transmission
% - Error Blocks are identified for updates
%
%Input
%-----
% 1. minCost – error magnitude of the macroblock
% 2. Blk – marcoblock
% 3. sizeImg – size of the frame
% 4. frameNo – frame number identity
%
%Output
%-----
% 1. MismatchBlks – error blocks or mismatches

function [MismatchBlks]= ErrorCorrection(minCost, Blk, sizeImg, frameNo)

row = sizeImg(1,1);
col = sizeImg(1,2);

% ThFactor = 40; %Percentage calculation for threshold
% WorstBlockfactor = 100; %Percentage of worst mismatch blocks within the
%threshold

[SortErrValue ind] = sort(minCost, 'descend');
range = size(SortErrValue,2);
MismatchBlk = zeros(1,range);
MismatchBlks = zeros(1,range);

MaxSAD = SortErrValue(1);
%Fixation of the Threshold Th
%-----
% Threshold Th is a value above which macroblocks are to be replaced.
% which is the of the highest SAD value

%%%%%Th = round((MaxSAD * ThFactor)/100);
Th = 5000; % 1; %5000;%15500; %for Carpan sample
% Th = 3000;%7300; %7359.645161; %For Bird Sample
% Th = 3000; %7000; %12500%For WhiteCar Sample

%Fixation of K parameter
%-----
%K determines the number of macroblocks to be replaced (above the threshold)

for rr = 1:range

```

```

if (SortErrValue(rr) > Th)
    BlkReplaceInd(rr) = SortErrValue(rr);
end
end

BlkInd = size(BlkReplaceInd,2); %Number of blocks AVAILABLE above the threshold

% K factor
%-----
BlockCount = round((BlkInd * Kfactor)/100); %Number of blocks to be replaced above
%the threshold based on Kfactor

% %Making it constant
% BlockCount = 8; %25; %8;
% BlockCount = 80;%8; %Bird
% BlockCount = 7; %WhiteCar
% if BlkInd < BlockCount
%     BlockCount = BlkInd;
% end

%Replacement Block List
%-----
%The blocks to be replaced are listed in order of the block count in a Frame
%i.e. mbCount.

RPLList = sort(ind(1:BlockCount),'ascend');
for s = 1:BlockCount
    ReplaceBlk(RPLList(s)) = RPLList(s);
end
ReplaceBlks = ReplaceBlk;

```

9. motionComp_BlkReplace.m

```

%MotionCompensation by resending intra blocks for the mismatch blocks.
%
%Input
%-----
% 1. FrameI - Reference Frame
% 2. MotionVector - motion estimates from lower resolution R1 (144x176)
% 5. blockSize - size of the macroblock
% 4. MismatchBlocks – the error blocks
% 5. FrameP – Predicted Frame
%
%Output
%-----
% 1. BlkReplacedImg - Motion Compensated image with mismatches are intracoded.

```

```

function BlkReplacedImg = motionComp_BlkReplace(FrameI, MotionVector, blockSize,
MismatchBlocks, FrameP)

[row col] = size(imgI);

count = 1;
for i = 1 : blockSize : row-blockSize+1
    for j = 1 : blockSize : col-blockSize+1

        di = MotionVector(1,count);
        dj = MotionVector(2,count);

        newI = i + di;
        newJ = j + dj;

        if count == MismatchBlocks(count)
            EstImage(i:i+blockSize-1,j:j+blockSize-1) = FrameP(i:i+blockSize-
                1,j:j+blockSize-1);
        else
            EstImage(i:i+blockSize-1,j:j+blockSize-1) = FrameI(newI:newI+blockSize-1,
                newJ:newJ+blockSize-1);
        end

        count = count + 1;
    end
end

BlkReplacedImg = EstImage;

```

10. ME_SearchReduced.m

```

% Refined motion estimation with reduced search area
% The new motion vector is used as replacement for the mismatch blocks
%
% Input
% -----
% 1. FrameP - The image for which we want to find motion vectors
% 2. FrameI - The reference image
% 3. blockSize - Size of the macroblock
% 4. p - Search parameter
% 5. frameNo – pointer for frame number
%
% Output
% -----
% 1. ReplaceMVs - the new displacement motion of the mismatch blocks

```

```

function [ReplaceMVs] = ME_SearchReduced(FrameI, FrameP, blockSize, p,
MismatchBlocks, frameNo)

%Initialisations
[row col] = size(imgI);
minCost = [];
displacements = zeros(2,row*col/blockSize^2);
MotionVector = zeros(2,row*col/blockSize^2);
maxSAD = (256*blockSize*blockSize)+1;

%Reducing search area
%-----
p = p - 2; %parameter in order of 2^(m)

count = 1;
for i = 1 : blockSize : row-blockSize+1
    for j = 1 : blockSize : col-blockSize+1

        if count == MismatchBlocks(count)

            BlkP = FrameP(i:i+blockSize-1,j:j+blockSize-1);

            for m = -p : p
                for n = -p : p
                    SearchAreaI = i + m;
                    SearchAreaJ = j + n;
                    if ( SearchAreaI < 1 || SearchAreaI+blockSize-1 > row ...
                        || SearchAreaJ < 1 || SearchAreaJ+blockSize-1 > col)
                        continue;
                    end
                    SearchBlk = FrameI(SearchAreaI:SearchAreaI+blockSize-1,
                        SearchAreaJ:SearchAreaJ+blockSize-1);

                    sad(i,j) = sum(sum(abs(BlkP - SearchBlk)));

                    if sad(i,j) < maxSAD
                        maxSAD = sad(i,j);
                        newI = m;
                        newJ = n;
                    end
                end
            end
        end

        minCost(count) = maxSAD;
    end
end

```

```

    Blk(1,count) = i;
    Blk(2,count) = j;
    displacements(1,count) = newJ; % vector representing row coordinate
    displacements(2,count) = newI; % vector representing column coordinate

end
count = count + 1;
maxSAD = (256*blockSize*blockSize)+1;
end
end
ReplaceMVs = displacements;

```

11. motionComp_MVReplace.m

```

%
% Motion Compensation by replacing motion vectors for the mismatch blocks
% The motion vector for the mismatches are replaced with new motion vector found
% using reduced search area
%
% Input
% -----
% 1. FrameI - Reference Image
% 2. MotionVector - motion prediction from lower resolution R1
% 3. blockSize - size of the macroblock
% 4. MismatchBlocks – the identified error blocks
% 5. RefinedMV – the new displacements
%
% Output
% -----
% 1. imgMismatchComp - Motion Compensated image with mismatches replaced
% with new motion vectors.

```

```

function imgMismatchComp = motionComp_MVReplace(FrameI, MotionVector,
blockSize, MismatchBlocks, RefinedMV)

[row col] = size(imgI);

count = 1;
for i = 1 : blockSize : row-blockSize+1
    for j = 1 : blockSize : col-blockSize+1

        if count == MismatchBlocks(count)
            di = RefinedMV(1,count);
            dj = RefinedMV(2,count);
        else
            di = MotionVector(1,count);

```

```

dj = MotionVector(2,count);
end

newI = i + di;
newJ = j + dj;

EstImg(i:i+blockSize-1,j:j+blockSize-1) = FrameI(newI:newI+blockSize-1,
                                                newJ:newJ+blockSize-1);
count = count + 1;
end
end
imgMismatchComp = EstImg;

```

12. PSNR.m

```

%PSNR Calculation
% -for performance evaluation of the estimated images
%Input
%-----
% 1. FrameP - original prediction image
% 2. PredictedFrame - the estimated image
% Ouput
%-----
% 2. psnrValue - the estimated PSNR of the predicted image

function psnrValue = PSNR(FrameP, PredictedFrame)

%Initialisation
[row col] = size(FrameP);
summation = 0;
n = 255; %maximum colour value of a pixel

for i = 1:row
    for j = 1:col
        summation = summation + (FrameP(i,j) - PredictedFrame(i,j))^2;
    end
end

% numerator = sum(sum((FrameP - PredictedFrame)^2));
mse = summation / (row*col);

psnrValue = 10*log10(n*n/mse);

```