THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS:
WHAT IT IS AND HOW IT WORKS:

Professor Darnley Naylor's Straight Talk

The League of Nations

After much discussion and some delay, the League of Nations was finally organized at a meeting of the representatives of the countries of the world on August 28, 1919, at the Palace of Versailles. The League of Nations was established as a world organization, with the aim of promoting international cooperation and maintaining peace and security.

THE GREAT FRICTION

The League of Nations was created to promote international cooperation and maintain peace and security. It was established in 1919, following the end of World War I, as a result of the Treaty of Versailles. The League was designed to prevent future wars by settling disputes between countries, promoting disarmament, and providing a forum for collective security.

THE LEAGUE AND THE TREATY OF VERSAILLES

The Treaty of Versailles was signed on June 28, 1919, ending World War I. It was signed by the representatives of the战胜ing powers, including the United States, Germany, and France. The Treaty was the first major attempt to create a legal framework for international relations.

WHEN THE BIG FOUR FAILED

The Big Four, consisting of the representatives of the United States, Great Britain, France, and Italy, were the dominant figures in the negotiations leading to the Treaty of Versailles. They were chosen by the Allied and Associated Powers to negotiate the terms of the Treaty, which was signed on June 28, 1919.

WHAT IS THE LEAGUE?

The League of Nations was a voluntary association of states for the purpose of promoting international cooperation and maintaining peace and security. It was established on April 28, 1919, following the end of World War I, as a result of the Treaty of Locarno.

THE LEAGUE SUCCEEDS

The League of Nations was established in 1919, following the end of World War I, as a result of the Treaty of Versailles. It was designed to promote international cooperation and maintain peace and security.

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