INDUSTRIAL SUCCESS

Economic Research Needed

(H. E. OPIS, Jr.)

With the progress and prosperity now going on in Australia, there is an urgency to solve the economic problems. The Commonwealth Government has the responsibility of providing the necessary scientific information to make the best possible decisions. It is not enough to have a good understanding of the economic situation; it is also necessary to have the research capabilities to back up these decisions. The absence of adequate economic research facilities in Australia is a serious problem. The government must take vigorous action to establish such facilities in order to ensure that Australia will be able to compete in the world market.

Agriculture is a vital sector of the economy. The government should provide incentives for farmers to adopt new technologies and practices to increase productivity. This will not only benefit the farmers but also the nation as a whole. The government must also ensure that the prices of agricultural products are fair and stable. It is important to have a well-regulated agricultural market to ensure that farmers are rewarded for their efforts and that consumers are able to afford food.

Regarding the labor market, the government must take steps to reduce unemployment. This can be achieved through various measures such as providing job-creation programs, offering training and education opportunities, and improving the labor market regulations. The government should also work towards increasing the minimum wage to ensure that workers are paid a fair living wage.

The government must also focus on sustainable development. This involves ensuring that economic growth is achieved in a way that does not compromise the ability of future generations to meet their needs. This can be achieved through measures such as promoting renewable energy, reducing waste and pollution, and protecting the environment.

In conclusion, the government must take a proactive role in economic research, agriculture, labor, and sustainable development to ensure the success of Australia's economy.

SPEAKERS OF RESEARCH

Labor.

Finance, insurance, and agriculture are the spheres where extensive information has been gathered. Britain has an important agricultural economics policy that encourages market research. In Australia, however, much of the work has been on the mechanics of marketing and distribution. The government should consider establishing a national agricultural research organization to coordinate research efforts in this area.

Business men are not merely concerned with making a profit. They want to keep up with the times and are interested in new ideas that can improve their businesses. The government should provide incentives for businesses to conduct research and development.

ATTITUDE TO ECONOMICS

There is a section of businessmen in this country who believe that the study of economics is not very relevant to their work. They argue that they are more concerned with practical problems and that economic theories are too abstract to be of much use. This attitude is harmful to the development of the economy and should be discouraged. The government should take steps to educate the public about the importance of economics and to ensure that it is taught in schools and universities.

Agricultural Development

Agriculture is an important sector of the economy. The government should provide incentives to encourage farmers to adopt new technologies and practices to increase productivity. This will not only benefit the farmers but also the nation as a whole. The government should also work towards increasing the minimum wage for agricultural workers to ensure that they are paid a fair living wage.

The government must also focus on sustainable development. This involves ensuring that economic growth is achieved in a way that does not compromise the ability of future generations to meet their needs. This can be achieved through measures such as promoting renewable energy, reducing waste and pollution, and protecting the environment.

In conclusion, the government must take a proactive role in agricultural development to ensure the success of Australia's economy.

THE NEWS

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1923

Anniversaries

(By Professor Coleman Phillipson)

On one occasion, at the trial of Des- lechte (1850), Gasquetta went to a passionate impassion of Napoleon III, and the erstwhile meek and gentle woman took the stand in the presence of the court on the second of December as a national anniversary. And yet all the Governments that have succeeded one another in the French empire have been put among the vanities of origin; because you know that, if you dared to circumscribe these, the public conceptions, would become. Napoleon's daughter, Gasquetta's painted prophet; for years later Napoleon surrendered to the Germans, and the Empire which had been built, was thrown. The people of France had refused to rejoice over the Napoleonic crews of state. Though popular judgment had not been in accordance with the precise and proportion, the various auras of national evolution, it very often became. The celebration of shame or unworthy deeds.

Our Public Holidays

We are in Australia have a good number of public holidays; and among various sections of the community the question of their observance is likely to remain whether we have not too many. This or that celebration or holiday has been determined by local tradition and sentiment, and is likely to remain. Our people are very likely to continue to observe these public holidays, and it is not likely that any future law will change this habit. The observance of public holidays is a matter of great importance to the country, as it helps to maintain the spirit of patriotism and national pride.

Spirit of Celebration

Our spirit and attitude in regard to public celebrations in Australia are peculiar. Almost all are not keeping with the true meaning and aim of celebrations. The spirit of the public celebration in Australia is one of national development, with a strong influence from the traditions and ideals of the Founders' signatories of the Constitution.

National Destiny

In recent years the world has undergone great changes, and new ideas and practices have been introduced. Others have given way to new ideas, and many of the old ideas have been discarded. But this does not mean that we should forget the past. We must learn from the mistakes of the past and use them to guide our future decisions.

Mr. P. W. Eardley, B.A., was appointed to the Adelaide University staff as an Associate of the Institute of Accountancy. He had been a member of the Institute for some years, and was well known in the business world. His appointment was highly regarded as a measure to promote the development of the Institute in South Australia.

Graduate and Business Man

Mr. F. W. Eardley, B.A., was appointed to the Adelaide University staff as an Associate of the Institute of Accountancy. He had been a member of the Institute for some years, and was well known in the business world. His appointment was highly regarded as a measure to promote the development of the Institute in South Australia.

At a recent meeting of the University authorities Mr. Eardley was appointed as a registrar in the new University. Mr. Eardley's intimate knowledge of University life and his acquaintance with the business world of the Institute at Sir John concentration, would, no doubt, be of assistance in the work of the Institute.

The period of expansion of the University began in 1856, when the University appointed its first registrar, Mr. Eardley. He was a man of great experience, and had a wealth of knowledge in the field of education.

He had addressed many literary societies, and was a writer of considerable reputation. His articles on the subject of education were highly regarded, and were read by many students and educators.

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