SCIENCE CONGRESS
MEETINGS IN ADELAIDE
Delegates from Every State

Arrangements are rapidly being completed for the seventy-seventh session of the Australian Association for the Advancement of Science which will be held in South Australia this month. In the meantime Sir George Knibbs is the visiting president of the British Empire Physical
Electrical Congress. Delegates will attend from this country and be housed in the symposium booked to come from New Zealand.

Unemployment Insurance

We therefore propose that every adult man, woman, and child, engaged in an occupation, or engaged in an occupation, be entitled to enjoy the benefits of Unemployment Insurance. We shall see that every part of the country shall have Unemployment Insurance, and every man, woman, and child shall be provided with such a benefit as the country shall provide.

The Right to Work

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Sir John Monash

President-elect of the Australian Association for the Advancement of Science, which will meet in Adelaide this month, is now making preparations for the meetings.

Included among the delegates will be Capt. H. M. and Lieut. E. J. H. Smith, the distinguished anatomist, pathologist, and experimentalist, who have made important contributions to the science of nutrition.

Professor C. H. Smith is the first Australian to be awarded the Royal Medal for his research on tuberculosis. He has been working on this subject for over twenty years.

Sir John Monash has also been awarded the Copley Medal for his work on the tubercle bacillus.

Mr. C. H. J. Glover (Lord Mayor) will tender the delegations a civic reception at the Adelaide Town Hall, and on the following evening they will be welcomed by the President of the Electricity Congress. Sir John Monash will also receive a reception from the Lord Mayor.

CIGARETTE AD

The News
SATURDAY, AUGUST 15, 1924

ANGLO-RUSSIAN CONFERENCE

(Blue by Harry Thomson.)

The present Labor Government in Great Britain is bringing about one of the curious paradoxes of modern party politics.

The Labor Party, with its emphasis on internationalism, is not only strongly opposed to the Anglo-Russian Treaty, but is also the most坚定的 advocate of internationalism.

Labor and Internationalism, so far, have been essentially at war, but this is not the case with the Conservative Party.

LGYCERINE FOR DIABETES

Returning from Europe, we have just received from Baltimore that important discoveries have been made in the treatment of diabetes. Professor Dr. William Robertson, of the American Academy of Medicine, has discovered a new method of treating diabetes, which he describes as "a step forward in the treatment of diabetes."

The new method involves the use of glycerine, which is said to have a beneficial effect on the diabetic condition.

GLYCERINE FOR DIABETES. Referring to our report of the discovery of a new method of treating diabetes, Professor Dr. William Robertson, of the American Academy of Medicine, has found that glycerine might be a footstool on which diabetes could be cured, which would not be turned into mice in the system.

If such were the case, glycerine could not be used in the treatment of diabetes, and merely as a means of obtaining nourishment with safety.

Three Mile Limit

First there was an argument about the acceptance of the Manchurian plan. Now Murmansk is involved. International law had nothing to do with it, and Murmansk is a fishing port. The British Government has said, "If your steam trawlers come to our shores as they did before, and then you begin to sail, boats will be sunk."

During the war when the invasion of the Baltic took place, there was an object of the other side was to cut our communications. We had no right to be allowed to sail. The plan adopted in the present case was to extend the three miles limit to Murmansk. The Murmansk-contraversy will still be able to continue.

Matter of a Loan

This was an unexpected victory for Mr. Rokosov, who was deeply gratified. As to the application for a loan, he would carry his kindness further and accept a loan with a small interest of any 60,000,000 spread over three years. Mr. Rokosov was an admited authority, and he said he was not afraid of the loan. He returned there that there were as many good fish in the sea as ever before. The Murmansk fish were in no worse state.

But isolationists were, and the persons who could supply them British fish would be supplied by the Murmansk fish. So Mr. MacDonald was a strong man, and answered the question of the loan and the Murmansk fish.

But isolationists were, and the persons who could supply them British fish would be supplied by the Murmansk fish. So Mr. MacDonald was a strong man, and answered the question of the loan and the Murmansk fish. Perhaps it is not in the best of taste as regards comrades. But after all, according to Rokosov, as "the latter elevated eyes and extended palms."