The commemoration of the Adelaide University will be held on Wednesday, when the Chancellor (his Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor) will preside. The candidates upon whose degrees will be conferred are:—Masters of arts, Messrs. Frederick Stanley Butler and Walter Treaven; bachelor of laws, Mr. Richard Edward Hourigan; licentiates of medicine and surgery, Messrs. John Bernard Coonan, Henry G. Ireland, Edward Ernest Moore, Alfred Edward James Russell, John Leo Sangster, and Patrick Francis Shanahan; bachelors of arts, Messrs. Charles Mackenzie Blackburn and Leslie Herbert Nicholls; bachelors of science, Miss Stella Howchin, Miss Viola May Freemon, Messrs. James Watson Brown, Thomas Abra LeMansieres, Frank Joseph Webb Richardson, and Walter Treaven. The Rev. Leslie Baro, M.A., of the University, Adelaide, will be admitted of ordination.

The presiding who will be presented to the Chancellor are:—The Rev. Mr. Coonan, Messrs. George Ash and Carl Louis Sopher, the winner of Sir Thomas Elder's prize for physiology, Mr. Allan Elliot Constable, John Howard Clark's scholar, Miss Marian Clappel, and the Everard scholar, Mr. John Morgan.

Professor Boulger will deliver the address.

Mr. McPherson drew attention to the great in-suit of the Medical School. He would move to increase the amount unless it was shown that the money was properly spent. The Minister of Education said previously the school only carried the students on an average for two years, but now they had had the whole of five years and the money was necessary accordingly.

Mr. McPherson moved to strike out the amount of £800, the grant in aid of the School. He was not satisfied with the explanation of the Minister of Education. The money was necessary to come out of the University.

Mr. E. W. Hawker contended that it would be breaking faith with the University to strike out the amount. It was desirable to encourage students to go through the medical course in the University, and if the vote were refused great harm would be done.

Mr. Byrnes—Considering there were too many doctors in the colony already, but that it was a pity to encourage young men to make medicine when there was no prospect of them being able to make enough to live on.

Mr. Mullo—supported the item. The fees were quite enough now with the school assisting to support the Government.

Mr. Byrnes considered the State contributed quite sufficient to the University without this subsidy, and that the committee could be justified in stating that from the amount which the Government could not afford such an expenditure as the present time.

Mr. Handyside understood that the money was intended to assist students who could not afford to pay for their education in the science. It was desirable to encourage young men to study medicine, and he hoped the committee would be induced to support the Government.

Mr. Ashley supported the vote as printed. It was a provision for Government, which was sufficient to the class of education, as otherwise it would languish, and it could not be said, however, that the State paid for that education. The medical school would not have been established on a proper basis had it not been for the vote that Parliament had granted. If it had not been for that vote only two years could have been given in all, so the vote was a vote of confidence in the University.

Mr. Ashley—He was a member of the University and had received medical education. It was a minimum for the amount of the University was used only by a few of the 50,000 students and it was an object of these was the sum of comparatively poor people.

Mr. McPherson would support the reduction of the vote. Very few of the working people who were able to receive the benefits of the University.

The amendment was put in the form: "that the vote stand as it has been declared."