DEVELOPMENT OF RESOURCES.

AUSTRALIA'S NEED FOR FOOD AND FERTILITY.

LECTURE BY PROFESSOR RICHARDSON.

The vast empty spaces of the continent suggested a species of empty vegetation, and as a result of the climate, the continent was considered to be uninhabitable. However, the continent has been developed into a fertile land by the efforts of the settlers, and the continent is now one of the most fertile in the world.

CONTINUED

FOREMOST WOODEARER IN THE WORLD

Australia led the world in the value of produce from the forest. The total value of produce in 1855 was approximately £13,000,000 per mile of population, and it was estimated that the value of produce in 1865 would be approximately £16,000,000 per mile of population.

Continued

Religious Beliefs.

Dr. Wester reported that the religious beliefs of the Australian aborigines were influenced by their daily life and their environment. They had various beliefs, such as the belief in a supreme being, and they were also influenced by their contact with the European settlers.

THE ABORIGINES.

AMERICAN VISITORS IMPRESSED.

In company with Mr. W. H. Fulford, Mr. H. T. B. Roberts, Dr. H. W. B. Roberts, and Mr. H. W. B. Roberts, the American tourists visited the Botanic Gardens, the Zoological Gardens, and the National Library. They were impressed by the beauty and diversity of the flora and fauna of Australia.

ATTACK ON UNIVERSITIES.

The evening charge that modern universities were in a state of collapse was made by Mr. J. T. Findlay, the registrar of the University of Sydney. He said that the universities were in a critical state, and that the situation was not likely to improve in the near future.

More Urgently Wanted.

The advance of nations in prosperity depends on the ability to produce and the ability of Australia to produce is not as good as it should be. The country is not utilizing its resources to the full extent possible.