THE GALTON LABORATORY

PROFESSOR R. A. FISHER, Sc.D., F.R.S.

Harpenden 3621.

A. C. PABERGE, Ph.D. Geneticist. G. H. HORANT, D.Sc. Anthropologist. R. R. RACE, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. Aust. Serologist. W. L. STEVENS, B.A., B.Sc. Stetleticlen. G. L. TAYLOR, M.D. Serologist. Rothamsted Experimental Station, Harpenden, Hertfordshire.

I. BELL, M.A., F.R.C.F. Treasury of Human Inheritance. M. N. KARN, M.A. Annals of Eugenics.

August 13, 1941

A.1887

Dear Professor Topley,

I have your papers A.R.C. 5826 and 5829 on the Phenothiazine experiment.

If it is decided to apply the dose in the form of tablets, rather than as a drench, I suggest that the three subgroups at each dosage should receive their total dose

(A) in a single application (B) in two equal applications

(C) in four equal applications and

making the correct total, these subgroups replacing wetting agents A, B and C. The time-table could then be somewhat as follows:

> Monday, September lat lat weighing lat sampling Wednesday 3rd 2nd semoling Friday 5th 3rd sampling Treatment A 1st treatments B and C 6th Saturday 2nd treatments B and C Monday & Tuesday, 8th & 9th Completion of treatment C Monday 15th -Saturday 20th 4th to 9th samplings Monday September 22nd and weighing, followed by

slaughter and worm counts for Inside flock. Outside flock has four further weighings ar fortnightly intervals.

Here I have left three weeks instead of two between the first two weighings. If the dosage is in be regulated accurately by live weight, whe initial weight must be known before dosage begins. If there were any advantage, the first weighing could be postponed till Thursday, 4th, and the second weighing taken after a fortnight, on the 18th, but this is very soon after the completion of the administration, and might miss the transient depression of weight following dosing which see been suspected from the preliminary experiments of Winches Farm. I imagine, therefore, that it will be more convenient to have a three weeks interval between the first two weighings, and two weeks for the next four intervals.

Alternatively, if it were thought convenient to continue the Outside flock for a further four weeks, all five intervals between the six weighings could be made equal to three weeks. I should think this would be better.

Whichever programme is chosen, it is important that all centres should use just the same intervals, otherwise the results es to weight, which from some points of view will be regarded as the most important, may be seriously obscured.

May I remind you of the last paragraph of my letter of August 7th?

Yours sincerely,

R. A. Fin